

CLAIMS

1. A laminated metallic sheet for can, comprising a polyester resin film containing about 50% by mole or more of polyethylene terephthalate on at least one side of a metallic sheet, and showing about 22 to about 25 cm^{-1} of half value width of shift peak caused by a C=O stretching vibration at $1730 \pm 20 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ in the Raman spectra, using a linear polarization laser light, on the film of the laminated metallic sheet for can after heat treatment.

2. The laminated metallic sheet for can as in claim 1, wherein the heat treatment is at least one treatment selected from the group consisting of baking finish and baking print.

3. The laminated metallic sheet for can as in claim 1, wherein the polyester resin is a copolyester containing about 50% by mole or more of ethylene terephthalate component.

4. The laminated metallic sheet for can as in claim 3, wherein the copolyester is a copolyester obtained from terephthalic acid, isophthalic acid, and ethylene glycol.

5. A laminated metallic sheet for can having excellent workability after heat treatment, comprising a polyester-based resin containing polyethylene terephthalate as a main component, being laminated on a metallic sheet, and showing 22 to 25 cm^{-1} of half value width of Raman shift peak caused by a C=O stretching

vibration in the vicinity of $1730 \pm 20 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ in the Laser Raman spectrometry, using a linear polarization laser light, on the film surface layer of the laminated metallic sheet for can after heat treatment.